

THE RANDOM LAKE BELT

VOLUME III

RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN, JULY 19, 1917.

NUMBER 4.

HOW THE PRESENT EUROPEAN WAR CAME TO THE UNITED STATES

Committee on Public Information Appointed by the President Publish Facts Concerning Present War and Why we are Involved

(continued from last week)

But evidence of the bad faith of the Imperial German Government soon piled up on every hand. Honest efforts on our part to establish a firm basis of good neighborliness with the German people were met by their government with quibbles, misrepresentations and counter accusations against their enemies abroad. And meanwhile in this country official agents of the central powers—protected from criminal prosecution by diplomatic immunity—conspired against our internal peace, placed spies and agents provocateurs throughout the length and breadth of our land and even in high positions of trust in departments of our government. While expressing a cordial friendship for the people of the United States, they worked both in Latin America and Japan. They bought or subsidized papers and supported speakers there to rouse feelings of bitterness and distrust against us in those friendly nations, in order to embroil us in the war. They were inciting to insurrection in Cuba, in Haiti, and in San Domingo; their hostile hand was stretched out to take the Danish Islands and everywhere in South America they were abroad, sowing the seeds of dissension, trying to stir up one nation against the other and all against the United States. In their sum these various operations amounted to direct assault upon the Monroe doctrine. And even if we had given up our right to travel on the sea and surrendered to German threats and ultimatums, the German offensive in the West, to our own land and among our neighbors, was becoming too serious to be ignored.

So long as it was possible, the government of the United States tried to believe that such activities, the evidence of which was already in a large measure at hand, were the work of the work of the irresponsible and misguided individuals. It was only reluctantly, in the face of overwhelming proof, that the recall of the Austro-Hungarian ambassador and of the German minister and the attacks was demanded. Proof of their criminal violations of our hospitality was presented to their governments. But these governments in reply offered no apologies nor did they issue reparations. It became clear that such intrigue was their settled policy.

In the meantime the attacks of the German submarines upon the lives and property of the American citizens had gone on; the protests of our government were now sharp and ominous and this nation was gradually being drawn into a state of war. As the president said at Topka on Feb. 2, 1917:

"We are not going to invade any nation's rights. But suppose, my fellow countrymen, some nation invade our rights. What then? I have come here to tell you the difficulties of our foreign policy daily increase in number and intricacy and in danger and I would be derelict to do my duty to you if I did not deal with you in these matters in the utmost candor and tell you what it may be necessary to use the force of the United States to do." The next day at St. Louis he repeated his warning: "The danger is not from within, gentlemen, it is from without and I am bound to tell you that the danger is constant and immediate, not because anything new has happened, not because there has been any kind of a change in our international relationships within recent weeks or months but because the danger comes with every turn of events.

The break would have come sooner if our government had not been restrained by the hope that sane counsels might prevail in Germany. For it was well known to us that the German people to a large extent had been kept in ignorance of many of the secret crimes of their government against us. At the present time a faction of the German public opinion less hostile to this country was shown when their government acquiesced to some degree to our demands, at the time of the Sussex outrage and for nearly a year maintained at least a pretense of observing the pledge they

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS SERIAL NUMBERS OF THIS SECTION

The school board of District No. 1 will receive bids for drilling a well on the high school premises, up and including August 1, 1917. For further particulars call on C. Schommer, clerk.

Out in Uniform
The young lads about the village have formed a "Lone Scout" club, and last Saturday were on parade in their new uniforms. They have elected a captain as yet but who they do not expect to be regulars. The boys have wooden guns for their practice drills.

Attended Group Meeting
C. P. Schommer, cashier of the local bank, attended Group No. 1884 meeting at Sturgeon Bay last night. He says he is very much impressed with Door county—the California of the North. He says that there is a splendid cherry crop this year and that he looks forward for "big money."

Look at Your Date
Look at the date on your newspaper and see whether your subscription is due. With the price of paper sky high, we dislike very much to be put to additional expense in collecting delinquent subscriptions. It is a small matter individually but collectively it amounts to a good sum and we kindly ask subscribers to give this matter their attention.

Save Your Registration Card
Every citizen who registered on June 5 is warned to preserve his registration card with utmost care. No duplicates will be issued, and anyone who loses his card or allows it to become worn and shabby so that it is not readable is liable to get into trouble when called on by an officer to show it. Carry it in an envelope, officials advise and always have it ready for inspection.

Called to Colors
Willis McCray, who has been employed by J. C. Hoffmann as tinner for some time past, was called to Rosendale last Friday to join his company. From there he expects to be sent before going across to France.

Lutherans Celebrate
The four-hundredth anniversary of the Reformation in memory of Martin Luther was celebrated by the Lutheran churches of Plymouth, Cascade, and other villages in this section of the county at the Plymouth church on Sunday.

County Farmers Organize
Washington county farmers have organized the Washington county Patriotic League and are donating the crop from one acre of each farm to the American Red Cross fund. At the same time was made out as to whether farmers would give donations of this kind, which in many cases would amount from \$20 to \$100, but when the committees started to canvass the county they found that the response was practically unanimous. Out of 200 farmers so far only three have refused to give crops to the Red Cross. Some gave an acre of wheat, others an acre of oats or corn, and one farmer an acre of potatoes.—E.L.

Final Skat Tournament
The Random Lake Skat club closed most successful series of tournaments with a wind-up session at the village hall Friday evening. A large number of onlookers were present and manifested interest in the game despite the beautiful weather that has a tendency to call us away from indoor diversions to enjoy nature at her best. Prizes were awarded as follows:

- Peter Paulus, first, won 15, 10, 14 good games.
 - J. P. Altenhofer second, 402 good points.
 - John W. Wolf, third, passed solo against.
 - Dr. W. M. Dettmann, fourth, won 17, 15, 12 good games.
 - Ed Uelman, fifth, 472 good points.
 - Joe Gessner, sixth, 309 good points.
- Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: Ed Uelman, president; Dr. W. M. Dettmann, sec'y, and John Wolf, treas'r. The next business meeting will be held the first part of September at which time arrangements will be made for the first tournament of the season. The first year of the existence of this club was a favorable one as the organization enjoys a large membership and all the tournament were well attended. Skat players of this vicinity appreciate the privilege of assembling at regular intervals to spend a few hours at this popular pastime.

New Order on Shipping Parcels

A new order of the postoffice dated July 1, 1917, c. o. d. parcels shall be sent for a fee of 10 cents when the amount to be remitted does not exceed \$50 and a fee of 25 cents when the amount to be remitted does not exceed \$100. Such parcels are automatically insured against injury or loss without additional charge for their actual value up to \$50 when a ten-cent fee was paid and up to \$100 when a twenty-five cent fee was paid.

Injured Her Eye

Last Tuesday evening Miss Lavern Altenhofer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Altenhofer, Western avenue, injured her right eye in a very peculiar manner. Miss Altenhofer came into the home to light an oil stove. She then stooped to pick up a paper. The light just went out and left all in darkness and in stooping she hit the back of a chair, breaking her glasses and cutting her eye. Dr. T. E. Malloy was summoned and dressed the wound. Yesterday morning Miss Altenhofer was taken to Milwaukee to have her eye examined. It is hoped nothing serious will develop.

Will Not Bail Interurban

From Green Bay comes the announcement that the proposed Milwaukee, Brown Deer, Cedarburg, Newburg, Fillmore, Silver Creek, Beloit, Beechwood, Watons, Farnell, Armstrong, Dotyville and Fond du Lac transportation line will probably not be built until after the war. The officers felt it their duty to inform the people interested in the proposed line, that owing to the war now on security of steel rails, high cost of material and many other unlooked for disadvantages, they are compelled to delay meetings until conditions again normal at which time they will be ready and willing to make known their proposition.—Cedarburg News.

New Court Ruling

Madison—Procedure in every one of the county courts in Wisconsin is affected by a new law which has just gone into effect. While the main feature of this law provides for a district court in every county court of the state, instead of from the county court to the circuit court and later from the circuit court to the supreme court as heretofore, the chief feature from the enactment of this law is to come in the elimination of the extra trial and the subsequent suspension of litigation at the circuit court. Another feature of the law provides that where a litigant is entitled to a jury trial he may have his choice as to whether the case shall be tried in the circuit court or the county court.

CONGRESSMAN E. VOIGT OFFERS ASSISTANCE

In the last three years the average retail price of food has gone up one hundred and twenty-five per cent. The rise in prices since January, 1917 has been unprecedented, there having been a rise of over fifty per cent in the past few months. There is a world-wide shortage of food supplies and it is my judgment that even with proper food control laws, a prevailing retail price will not drop but may go even higher. In 1916 the average price paid to the farmers for wheat was \$1.25 per bushel, but the food gamblers drove this price up to over \$3.00 per bushel. Mr. Hoover states that in the first five months of 1917 food speculators robbed the people of this country of \$250,000,000. My opinion is that the amount is very much larger.

Injured His Thumb

Last Thursday evening August 16, Mr. Hoover states that in the first five months of 1917 food speculators robbed the people of this country of \$250,000,000. My opinion is that the amount is very much larger.

In this situation it is not only patriotic but it becomes a matter of self interest for every householder to aid in the conservation of the food supply.

At this time I especially advise all families to can a large supply of vegetables and fruits. It is my opinion that canned goods will rise even higher, proportionately, than other foods, on account of the high price of containers, labor, etc., entering into their production.

There has recently come into use the so-called "cold pack" method of canning. This method is different from the old fashioned preserving as it saves time, labor and expense. No thick syrups are necessary. Fruits may be put up in their syrups. Vegetables may be put up in salt water. I recommend this cold pack method as it is the cheapest and safest.

I am at present sending out thousands of farmer's bulletins on the subject of canning and drying fruits and vegetables but as I have not the names of all persons in the district who may want them, I shall be glad to send these bulletins to any one who will drop me a postal card. Address: Mr. Edward Voigt, House Office Building, Washington, D. C., and be sure to write your name and address plainly.

Edward Voigt.

AUTO ACCIDENT LAST THURSDAY

Careless Driving Results in Smash-up on Hill Near the T. J. Schlicht Farm East of the Village

"An accident that may yet prove fatally to the youngest boy in a party of tourists, consisting of Fred Bachman, his wife, daughter and two sons, Mrs. Herman Lieber and the driver, Harry Thurns, occurred on route on a vacation tour to Elkhart Lake Thursday evening."

"The party was driving in a Bachman's big Marmon touring car up a steep hill just north of the village during the heavy shower Thursday night, when the driver lost control of the big machine. It left the road and crashed into a tree at the side of the road."

"Mr. Bachman's youngest son, upon the arrival of a local physician early Friday morning, was found to be suffering from concussion of the brain and was rushed to a Milwaukee hospital by train. Mr. Lieber suffered a broken pelvis and is at present recovering slowly at the St. Nicholas hospital here."

The above was taken from the Sheboygan Press and goes to show what can be done with type. It was not made to lie by the foundry but some one falsely reported the case to the Press.

The accident happened on what is known as the Presnolia hill on the Elkhart Lake road. The party was headed for Elkhart Lake and tried to make their destination before dark. From the above dispatch one is led to believe that rain had interfered with the progress of the machine. The fact of the matter is the road was perfectly dry and no one but the speed demon was to blame for the accident.

According to B. F. Bachman, the owner of the car which was slightly damaged in the crash, the car was in the habit of arriving at a forty-mile per hour clip. When the car came down one hill, Mr. Bachman says, but the bigger chumpful always speeded up so as to make the other bill without shifting the gear. Can you imagine, gentle reader, a bill before you with deep ruts, a six horse power engine going forty miles per hour, a tank of gasoline so as to supply plenty of "juice." A speed demon in the disguise of a nigger, trying to get the wheels of his auto out of the ruts so that he could make the hill before him or high? What else could be expected? The writer has made this bill on high many times but we had no sixty horsepower car nor were we going forty miles per hour and when our car once gets into the ruts of the road, we slow down to turn.

It is a miracle that the entire party was not killed or that Rufus did not get a good crack on the shell that covers his cranial cavity. A speed demon more common sense could be injected into his bill skull.

We feel sorry for the innocent ones who were injured and who see a law will be enforced that will not allow speed demons to run cars on country roads. A prevailing retail price will not drop but may go even higher. In 1916 the average price paid to the farmers for wheat was \$1.25 per bushel, but the food gamblers drove this price up to over \$3.00 per bushel. Mr. Hoover states that in the first five months of 1917 food speculators robbed the people of this country of \$250,000,000. My opinion is that the amount is very much larger.

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Edward Voigt.

Hotel Man Stricken

Edward Koeh of Beechwood, interested in the hotel business there, died on Sunday, July 15, at the age of 39 years. The funeral services were held at 1 o'clock yesterday.

Deceased was a well known in this county and news of his untimely death was a surprise to his many relatives and friends. Besides a wife, he is survived by his mother, two brothers and one sister.

Sheboygan Bad Drowns
Last Sunday afternoon John Hoffmeyer, aged 12 years, lost his life while bathing in Black River south of Sheboygan. The boy was in company with other lads who ran away after giving the alarm.

WISCONSIN
COUNTY CLERK
OFFICE
RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

PRESIDENT HITS DOLLAR PATRIOTS

Asks Business Interests to Put Aside Selfishness and Give Aid to Nation.

SHIP OWNERS ARE CONDEMNED

There Must Be but One Price for Government and for Public, Says Wilson—Justice is Keynote of Appeal.

Washington—President Wilson appealed to the country's business interests Wednesday to put aside every selfish consideration and to give their aid to the nation as first and foremost to go to offer their lives on the battlefield.

The president's statement follows: "The government is about to attempt to determine the prices at which it will ask you henceforth to furnish various supplies which are necessary for the prosecution of the war, and various materials which will be needed in the industries by which the war must be sustained. We shall, of course, try to determine them justly and to the best advantage of the nation as a whole; but justice is easier to speak of than to arrive at, and there are some considerations which we shall keep steadily in mind while this particular problem of justice is being worked out.

Therefore I take the liberty of stating very candidly my own view of the situation and of the principles which should guide the government and the mine owners and manufacturers of the country in this difficult matter.

A just price must, of course, be paid for everything the government buys. By a just price I mean a price which will sustain the industries concerned in a high state of efficiency, provide a living for those who conduct them, enable them to pay good wages, and make possible the expansions of their enterprises which will from time to time become necessary as the stupendous undertakings of this great war develop.

Must Face Facts. "We could not wisely or reasonably do less than pay such prices. They are necessary for the maintenance and development of industry, and the maintenance and development of industry are necessary for the great task we have ahead of us.

"I am dealing with the matter thus publicly and frankly, not because I have any doubt as to the rightness of the result, but only in order that in all our thinking and in all our dealings with one another we may move in a perfectly clear air of confidence and trust. We must, of course, command those things.

Must Have Same Prices. "And there is something more that we must add to our thinking. The public is now as much a part of the government as are the army and navy themselves; and the people in all their activities are now mobilized and in service for the accomplishment of the nation's task in this war. It is in such circumstances impossible justly to distinguish between industrial purchases made by the government and industrial purchases made by managers of industries, and it is just as much our duty to sustain the industrialists of the country with the assistance that contribute to its life as it is to sustain our forces in the field and on the sea.

Think Not of Self. "We cannot make prices to the public the same as the prices to the government. Prices mean the same thing everywhere now. They mean the efficiency or the inefficiency of the nation, whether it is the government that pays them or not. They mean victory or defeat. They mean that America will win her place once for all among the foremost free nations of the world or that she will sink to defeat and become a second-rate power alike in thought and in action. This is a day of her reckoning and every man among us must personally face that reckoning along with her.

"Do they mean that you must be paid, must be bribed, to make your contribution, a contribution that costs you neither a drop of blood nor a tear, when the whole world is in travail and men everywhere depend upon you and call to you to bring them out of bondage and make the world a fit place to live in again, amidst peace and justice?"

Appeals to Honor. "Do they mean that you will exact a price, drive a bargain, with the men who are enduring the agony of this war on the battlefields in the trenches, amidst the lurking dangers of the sea, or with the bereaved women and pitiful children, before you will come forward to do your duty and give some part of your life, in easy, peaceful fashion, for the things we are fighting for, the things we have pledged our fortunes, our lives, our sacred honor to vindicate and defend—liberty and justice and fair dealing and the peace of nations on the fields of France, or else is not patriotism at all.

Full Dollar's Worth. "Let us never speak, then, of profits and of patriotism in the same sentence, but face facts and meet them. Let us do so in a spirit, not in the midst of a mist. "Many a grievous burden of taxation will be laid on this nation, in this generation and in the next, to pay for the nation's part in this war. For every dollar that is taken from the people's pockets it shall be possible to obtain a dollar's worth of the sound money which is the life of the nation. "Let me turn for a moment to the ship owners of the United States and the other ocean carriers whose enterprise is followed, and ask them if they realize what obstacles, what almost insuperable obstacles, they have been putting in the way of the successful prosecution of this war by the ocean freight rates they have been exacting.

687,000 MEN IN FIRST DRAFT CALL

President Issues Order Calling Soldiers into the Service of United States.

1,262,985 MEN IN THE ARMY

War Department Announces the Quotas to Be Furnished by Each State—Credit Given for Men Now in Service.

Washington—The War Department has promulgated a formal order for the president drafting 687,000 men into the military service of the United States under the selective conscription law. The order shows what part of the total must be furnished by each state and territory.

The only men now remaining are those who are exempt from the draft. The only men who are exempt from the draft are those who are exempt from the draft. The only men who are exempt from the draft are those who are exempt from the draft.

Another 500,000 will be called out, supplemented by sufficient men to make up losses and maintain the regular army. The president has ordered the Secretary of War to increase temporarily the military establishment of the United States.

Warning is Sounded. "I know, and you know, what response to this great challenge of duty and of opportunity the nation will expect of you. I know what response you will make.

Number of Men to Be Raised in Each State. The following table gives the war department allotment, gross quotas, net quotas and National Guard credits—the total of the latter two appearing in the final column of the table:

Table with columns: State/Territory, Gross Quota, Net Quota, National Guard Credits, Total. Lists states from United States to Porto Rico.

CONDENSATIONS. China contains more American missionaries than American business men. The government maintains 27,340 miles of road in Spain and has more than 3,000 miles under construction at the present time.

REICHSSTAG NAMES TERMS OF PEACE

New Chancellor Must Make 'Confession of Faith.'

RESOLUTION IS MADE PUBLIC

It Advocates Peace Without Annexations and Indemnities, Freedom of Seas and Opposes Economic Blockade After the War.

Copenhagen, July 16.—Count Ulrich K. von Bontzen, one of the great artists of the empire and a cousin of Count von Bernstorff, has been selected to succeed Dr. Alfred Zimmermann as the German foreign secretary. His selection is a tactical device to the appointment of a compromiser to the chancellorship.

The Reichstag, according to a Berlin dispatch, has adjourned the president, Dr. Johannes Kaempf, being authorized to summon the body "as soon as circumstances allow."

Proposed Peace Resolution. The Reichstag's proposed peace resolution, which, according to the Berlin Tagblatt, a majority of the bloc of the extreme radicals and socialists, decided to introduce unchanged upon the reassembling of the Reichstag, reads as follows:

On August 4, 1914, 1914, soon the threshold of the fourth year of the war, the German people stand upon the assurance of the speech from the throne we are driven by no lust of conquest.

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Waste wood products from Southern sawmills are to be used in the manufacture of paper. Since the outbreak of war South American mines have yielded £100,000,000 worth of gold.

ARMED CITIZENS OUST I. W. W.'S FROM ARIZONA

Sherriff Heads posse Which Departs 1,200 Agitators—Governor Calls for U. S. Troops to Stop Riots.

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Bisbee, Ariz., July 13.—More than 1,100 alleged Industrial Workers of the World, departed from Bisbee in 24 cattle cars. They announced destination is Columbus, Mo. The special train carrying them left Warren, four miles from Bisbee, at noon.

The men were driven from the city by deputy sheriffs and about 2,000 armed men, members of an organization known as the "Citizens' Protective League."

Two men were killed during the work of deportation. A strike was called here by the metal-workers' branch of the I. W. W. about two weeks ago. Since then scores of strange men have been in Bisbee. These men are alleged to have prevented miners from returning to work.

Plans for the "round up" of alleged undesirable were made at midnight by Harry O. Wheeler, sheriff of Cochise county.

Phoenix, Ariz., July 13.—Governor Campbell received the following message from President Wilson: "Secretary of War, I have instructed General Parker to send officers to Arizona at once to report to him conditions there, with a view to cooperating in the maintenance of order."

Woodrow Wilson. "The United States government has decided to take part of it which is German, or dominated by German influences, according to announcement by United States District Attorney Allen. The men will be interned, Mr. Allen said.

VENIZELLOS AND KING AT OUTS

Serious Differences Arise Between Greek Premier and New Ruler, Paris Says.

Paris, July 16.—That serious differences have arisen between the new king and Premier Venizelos are indicated in dispatches from Athens. The king has postponed signing a decree for the removal of the 1915 chamber of deputies which was illegally dissolved by Premier Skondlitis. The dispatches say that the premier is disappointed by the king's new attitude, but is more reserved in his predictions of his probable policy.

WANTS FOOD BILL RUSS

President Opposed to U. S. Buying Whisky—Gives Views on Legislation in Letter.

Washington, July 14.—In a letter to Senator Martin, Democratic floor leader, President Wilson gave his views on food control legislation, his objection along the line of the original house bill for government control of foodstuffs and fuel oils. He opposed the proposed substitute bill of Senator Gore and emphasized his desire for prompt action by congress.

Extend Liquor Shipping Ban. Department of Justice Forbids Any Transportation Into Forbidden Regions. Washington, July 15.—Every form of liquor transportation into dry territory is forbidden, whether on the person or by motor, except by express, conveyance or in baggage, according to instructions that have been sent to United States attorneys throughout the country by the department of Justice.

17 SHIPS SUNK IN WEEK

London, July 15.—The weekly shipping statistics show that 17 British merchant ships of more than 1,000 tons were sunk and three vessels of less than that tonnage. Seven fishing vessels also were lost.

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SIR ARTHUR CURRIE

Sir Arthur Currie is now in command of the Canadian forces in France, having succeeded Sir Julian Byng. He went over with the first contingent from the Dominion as a brigadier general and has had a part in all the major engagements in which the Canadian soldiers have been involved.



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TRAP IS SEEN IN GERMAN "CRISIS"

Declared the Kaiser Yields Power to Crown Prince.

HOPE FOR REFORMS GONE

Envoys at Washington Receive Dispatch From Rome Saying Italian Upheaval Is Trick to Fool Kaiser's Enemies.

Washington, July 17.—A Rome dispatch received in official Italian circles declares the Kaiser is gradually turning his power over to the German crown prince and intimates the change in government in Germany is preliminary to a peace move.

Italy, says the dispatch, will not enter into any negotiations with the new government.

The dispatch says: "A transfer of power from the emperor to the crown prince appears to be in course. This does not mean the emperor will abdicate, but that the war party in Germany is now more powerful than ever."

No Hope for Reforms.

"The crown prince is the chief proponent of the pro-German agrarians, who were principally responsible for the war. With the influence of this party in the ascendant there is no hope for the democratization of Germany."

It is expected, on the contrary, that an even more militaristic and autocratic rule than heretofore has obtained in Germany will prevail.

"There is no likelihood that under the influence of the crown prince the German people will be allowed to express their own convictions and opinions. The war will go on with the German idea of annexations and indemnities prevailing."

The peace move of which so much has been said lately is an enormous German fraud by which the allied countries will not be deluded. The German political crisis was created to impress the outside world.

It is time all belligerents were warned the allies will not accept any proposal of peace unless it is in accordance with the principles declared over and over again by the allied governments.

The selection of the new Imperial German chancellor shows plainly what the course of German politics will be.

It is determined more than ever not to enter into any negotiations with the organized German government.

War Party Wins.

State department officials believe the underlying causes of the crisis in Germany did not relate to peace and that false impressions were created by emanations from Berlin.

A complete triumph of the reactionary elements in the German empire was thought to have resulted from the political upheaval.

General von Falkenhayn, German general staff chief, is directing the Austrian campaign against Italy, according to rumors reaching official circles here. All the information reaching the state department indicated Germany is controlling Austrian military policies, although there is a strong pro-peace feeling in Austria-Hungary.

Emperor Carl is said to be alive to the situation in both Hungary, where there is a growing separatist movement, and in Bohemia, where the Cossacs are sulking and threaten trouble for the empire.

German and Austrian peace aims are unlike, in that Austria would be content with peace guaranteeing the integrity of her territories, having renounced conquest and indemnity. Austria has sought to induce Germany to proscribe her war aims, but has been unsuccessful.

UDINE REPORTS TO PREMIER

Head of Mission to America Tells of Success in America—Brought Message From Wilson.

Rome, July 17.—The Italian war mission, headed by the prince of Udine, which has just returned from its visit to the United States, called on Premier Boselli and other ministers, and gave a satisfactory report of their trip to America, and the arrangements they brought with him a message from President Wilson to King Emmanuel in reply to one sent by the king.

STOPS WORK ON ZEPPELINS

Thousands of Workmen Employed in Building Huge Airships, Now Constructing Airplanes.

London, July 17.—It is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Lausanne that no more Zeppelins are being constructed at Friedrichshafen. Thousands of workmen who hitherto have been employed in building airships are now being to be engaged in the construction of a large number of airplanes.

Nine Mexicans Drown

Galveston, Tex., July 17.—Nine Mexicans were drowned near Tampico, July 7, when a launch was run down and smashed by the American tug Gurtport, according to information brought by a tank steamer arriving here today is held by the Mexican authorities.

DIVERS ARE SENT DOWN

AMERICAN WARSHIPS SINK FOUR GERMAN SUBMARINES.

Report Originating in Germany Tells of Havoc Among U-Boats—American Steamer Sunk.

Berlin, July 17.—American warships conveying the first American expeditionary army destroyed four of the latest type German submarines, according to a report in circulation here, and which purported to have originated in Germany.

Washington, July 17.—Sinking of the American steamer Grace and the killing of three men, one of them an American, and the injury of two members of the naval academy guard was announced by the state department.

The steamer was owned by the Commercial Steamship corporation, 19 Whitehall street, New York. It was sunk by a torpedo from a submarine.

Two allied vessels: E. T. Farrell of New Jersey. Two allies, named Van Wyke and Anderson.

Five men were injured by fire from an explosion of petroleum cargo. Three were allies. The two naval sailors hurt were Hugh Donnelly and George Wilson.

All survivors have been landed and the injured taken to a hospital.

New York, July 17.—Word of the sinking by German U-boats of the Leyland line freighter Sylvanian, a steamer of 4,855 tons gross, bound in ballast from Liverpool to this port, and of the steamer Kivio, 6,182 tons gross, of the White Star line, formerly in the Manchester service, was received here in marine insurance circles. The sinkings were reported to have occurred last week.

FINAL TALKS ON FOOD BILL

Leaders Confer to Perfect Measure in Such Way as to Meet Approval of President.

Washington, July 17.—The senate has entered its fifth and probable final week of consideration of the administration food control bill while the leadership is conferred in a further effort to perfect the measure in such a way as to meet the wishes of President Wilson and to insure its passage.

Under its agreement the senate will vote on the bills Saturday, and then the measure will be rushed to conference, where an early agreement is looked for so that the legislation may be enacted before August 1.

Senate leaders considered drafts of proposed changes designed to improve the chief points in dispute in the food substitute, namely, the provisions restricting federal authority and providing for a food board instead of a single authority.

Senate leaders are opposed to these provisions. A fight may also come over the question of government control over steel, iron, cotton and other products.

It is believed that in the end legislation will be worked out limiting government control, but with substantial regulatory powers, to food, feed and fuel.

KAISER'S GOLD SPENT HERE

German-Bought Papers Published "Under the Nose of American Government," Statesman Says.

Washington, July 17.—Evidence that millions in German gold still are being poured into effective propaganda work in this country has been disclosed by the state department by a spokesman of international reputation. It was learned here.

In an interview this statesman, whose name for obvious reasons cannot be mentioned, said: "German-bought papers are being published in this country under the very nose of the American government every day."

"Officials of ministers are using their offices to turn Americans into German sympathizers."

"The condition is not local, but countrywide."

"One of the biggest papers in the city of the Kaiser is published in the East."

INDIANA COAL PRICES RISE

Governor Thinks Defense Council's Agreement May Be Cause—Coal Supply Increased.

Washington, July 17.—Governor Goodrich of Indiana told the senate in a committee hearing that coal prices in his state had been stiffened considerably by the recent price agreement between the bituminous operators and the defense council's coal production committee. He said, too, that while the coal car supply in Indiana had been increased 1,500 to 45 days ago, and now are getting 10 per cent increase, no drop in prices has resulted.

SPIES TO MURDER KERENSKY

General Brusiloff Also Said to Be Marked Man—Extra Guard Is Ordered.

Petrograd, July 17.—Germany is sending 700 spies into Russia to attempt assassination of Minister of War Kerensky, General Brusiloff and other leaders, according to information obtained by the Russian intelligence department. A strong bodyguard was immediately ordered for all these officials.

WARSHIP BLOWN UP

773 MEN KILLED WHEN BUT DESTROYS BRITISH DREADNAUGHT VANGUARD.

CAUSE OF DISASTER UNKNOWN

Admiralty Declares Internal Explosion Occurred While Craft Was at Anchor—Only Twenty-Five of Crew Escaped Death.

London, July 14.—The British battleship Vanguard was blown up and sank on July 9 says an official statement issued on Friday by the British admiralty.

An internal explosion while the ship was at anchor caused the disaster. Only three men of those on board survived and one of them has since died. Twenty-four officers and 71 men, however, were not on board at the time of the explosion.

Only Three Survive.

The official statement reads: "H. M. S. Vanguard, Capt. James Dick, blew up while at anchor on the night of July 9 as the result of an internal explosion."

"The ship sank immediately and there were only three survivors among those aboard ship at the time of the disaster—one officer and two men. The officer has since died. There were, however, 24 officers and 71 men not on board at the time, thus bringing the total number of survivors to 27."

"A full inquiry has been ordered. Carried 870 Men."

The Vanguard displaced 19,250 tons and her complement before the war was 870 men.

The Vanguard belonged to the 3rd Vanguard class of dreadnaughts and was launched in March, 1907.

The Vanguard was 836 feet long with a beam of 84 feet and a draft of 32 feet. Her armament consisted of twelve-inch guns, eighteen fourteen and three torpedo tubes in addition to three torpedoes.

SAYS GERMANS WANT PEACE

Independent Leader of Hungarian Asserts Liberties Must Be Granted in Every Country.

Amsterdam, July 14.—Count Michael Károlyi, leader of the Hungarian independent party, speaking in the house of deputies, says a telegram from Budapest, declared:

"The central point of the present crisis is the question of peace. Every one in Germany wants peace, but it is not enough to desire it, the nation must negotiate for it. Count Czernin (Austro-Hungarian foreign minister) has not carried his part."

"In words, but has openly declared that we are ready for peace without annexations. One of the prerequisite conditions of peace is the democratization of every country."

In a continuation of the debate Baron Julius Beck said:

"There is no war policy today, but only a peace policy. The peace must be honorable, guaranteeing Hungarian frontiers and her political independence."

Count Moritz Esterhazy, the premier, replying to Baron Beck, said the new Hungarian government stands for the continuance of the alliance between the dual monarchy and Germany, as did the government which it succeeded.

"We are waging this war as a defensive war. Our peace aim is not conquest. We do not intend to encroach on the rights of any other nation. We testified clearly before the whole world our readiness for peace."

Berlin, Switzerland, July 17.—According to Berlin newspapers, the German chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, said to members of the Reichstag:

"I repeat that the formula of peace without annexations is unacceptable to us. We cannot declare our terms of peace. We must fight and conquer."

STORM KILLS 1; HURTS MANY

Thousands of Dollars' Worth of Property Destroyed at Fairmont, Ill.—Child Is Victim.

Danville, Ill., July 14.—A child was killed, a number of people injured and thousands of dollars' worth of damage was done on Friday at Fairmont by a storm which inflated cyclonic winds. The three-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fritchard lost her life and the mother suffered a broken arm. At Homer, just across the line in Champaign county, an interurban car was blown from the track and a number of passengers injured. Many farmhouses were annoyed and trees uprooted. Some damage was done to cornfields near the aviation field in the northern portion of Champaign county, but none of its buildings was touched.

SUPPRESS BIG BERLIN PAPER

German Military Authorities Restrain the Lokai Anzeiger—Reason Is Not Given.

Copenhagen, July 16.—The Berlin Lokai Anzeiger has been suppressed indefinitely by the military authorities. The reason is given as the presence of a spy in the paper. It is an account of an attack on Austria-Hungary in connection with a statement by Count Czernin, Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, who has come out for peace without annexations.

COUNT VON BERNSTORFF

Account to the United States, Is Considerable Factor in the German Governmental Crisis and Is Mentioned as a Possible Successor to von Bethmann-Hollweg as Internal Chancellor. He Is Said to Be an Anti-Pan-Germanist.

WILSON WARNS AGAINST HUGE PROFIT IN WAR

Attempts to Extort Unjust Gains Will Not Be Tolerated, President Says.

Washington, July 13.—American business interests had assurance from President Wilson that they will be paid fair prices during the war, coupled, however, with a warning that attempts to extort unjust profits will not be tolerated. In an address addressed to the country's coal operators and manufacturers, the president urged that every selfish consideration be abandoned in this time of national peril.

"Patriotism," said the president, "has nothing to do with profits in a time like this. The patriotism of the self-sending staff as the patriotism of the men dead and maimed on the fields of France, or it is no patriotism at all. I shall expect every man who is not a slacker to be at my side throughout this great enterprise. In it must mean win honor who thinks of himself."

The president expresses confidence that these generally will be found in every locality where the current of war prices will be solved through patriotic cooperation. There must be no one price for the government and no one price for the private citizen. The special deals generally with the determination of war prices on all commodities.

The president vigorously condemns the owners of the country for attempting a schedule of excessive profit during rates which has placed almost all the profit in the hands of the government's party.

"The fact is," he said, "that those who have fixed war prices in this country are not effective means to have power to defeat the armies engaged against Germany."

TO KILL GERMAN PROPAGANDA

Attorney General Inaugurates Plan to Throttle Activities of the I. W. W.'s.

Washington, July 16.—German propaganda in the United States as represented by the I. W. W., will be throttled immediately through a plan to be put into effect. Attorney General Gregory will be requested by congress to sit on a committee to investigate the activities of the I. W. W. in the United States.

The plan contemplates sending grand juries at East St. Louis, Ill.; Douglas, Ariz.; Columbus, Ga.; and Washington where there have been indications of unwarranted activity on the part of the organization's agents. These juries will sit simultaneously, and it is believed that in this way a deathblow will be struck by the organization without any loss of life.

NORSE SHIP HITS THE SHORE

Norwegian Liner With 1,200 Passengers Ground Off Cape Race—All Hands Saved.

St. John's, N. F., July 16.—The Norwegian-American liner Kristianiafjord, carrying 1,200 passengers from an American port via Halifax to Norway, ran aground seven miles west of Cape Race on the southeastern coast of Newfoundland.

It was found necessary to remove the passengers, all of whom were landed safely at Port George.

The liner lost her stern during the night in a heavy rainstorm, which was accompanied by a fog.

EXTEND LIQUOR SHIPPING BAN

Department of Justice Forbids Any Transportation Into Forbidden Regions.

Washington, July 16.—Every form of liquor transportation into dry territory is forbidden, whether on the person, by common carrier, by private conveyance or in baggage, according to a statement by the United States attorney general, who has sent to United States attorneys throughout the country by the department of justice.

DRIVING IN THE SUN

Have All Fruits and Vegetables Properly Prepared.

SIMPLE APPARATUS FOR WORK

Bright, Hot Sunny Days Are Best, and Close Watch Should Be Kept That Rain or Dew Does Not Hit Product—Avoid Insects.

(From FARMERS' BULLETIN 841, United States Department of Agriculture.) The drying of fruits and vegetables in the sun is a simple process if they have been prepared properly. In its simplest form such drying consists in spreading the freshly prepared slices or pieces on sheets of paper, or, if there is danger of the product's sticking, spreading on old pieces of muslin held down with stones. Bright, hot, sunny days are chosen for this work, and a close watch is kept to see that no rain or dew wets the product. If flies and other insects are abundant, a mosquito bar is thrown over the product. Once or twice a day the slices are turned over with the hands, and the thin ones which dry first are taken out. Sun drying has such to recommend it, since it requires no expenditures of fuel and there is no danger of the product becoming overheated. Dust, however, gathers on the product, and unless it is protected carefully, flies, and especially certain insects which habitually attack dried fruits, will lay their eggs upon it. These eggs later hatch into worms, or the worms or larvae, will riddle the dried fruits or vegetables, rendering them unfit for the table.

Trays of uniform size, so constructed that they can be stacked one on top of the other and protected from rain by means of a cover made of oleochem, canvas or rubber paper.

A very cheap tray can be made of strips of lumber three-fourths of an inch thick and two inches wide, which form the sides and ends, and lath which is nailed on to form the bottom. Spaces one-eighth inch wide should be left between the laths for ventilation, and the tray can be raised off the ground by placing them on poles or an improvised trestle. As laths are four

three-inch space in the back. The other trays alternate in the same way. This permits the current of heated air to pass around and over the trays. A ventilator opening, about two inches wide and six inches long, is left in the top of the drier, through which the moist air may pass away.

This principle of construction is followed so that currents of air will pass over the product as well as up through it, gathering the moisture and passing away. The movement of the current of air induces a more rapid and uniform drying. The upper trays can be shifted to the lower part of the drier, and the lower trays can be shifted as drying proceeds, so as to dry the products uniformly throughout.

Another Home Drier.

Still another home drier is the cookstove oven. Hits of food, leftovers, especially sweet corn, can be dried on plates in a very slow oven or on the back of the cookstove and saved for winter use. If the oven is very warm, the door should be left ajar and the temperature of the oven often noted. Trays for use in the oven can be made from a convenient-sized galvanized wire screen by bending up the edges one or two inches.

Cookstove driers on the market are of two types. One type consists of a series of trays upon which the material to be dried is spread. These trays are placed in a framework one above the other, forming a compartment through which the heated air rises, carrying off the moisture. The second type consists of a shallow flat metal box filled with water and designed so that one end can rest on the back of the stove

feet long, these lath trays are most economical of material when made four feet in length.

Better than more expensive trays can be made by substituting galvanized wire screen, one-eighth or one-fourth inch mesh, for the laths, in which case the most economical size would depend upon the width of the wire screen obtainable.

A cheap and very satisfactory drier for use over the kitchen stove can be made by any handy boy or carpenter from a small amount of small-mesh galvanized-wire netting and a number of lath strips of wood about one-half inch thick and two inches wide. The screen may be tacked directly on the back of the stove, or the framework to make the drying trays may be made to support separate trays. By using two laths nailed together, the framework can be stiffened and larger trays made if desirable. This form or any of the lighter makes of driers can be suspended from the ceiling over the kitchen range or over the oil, gasoline or gas stove, and it will utilize the hot air which rises during the cooking hour. It can be raised out of the way or swung to one side by a crane made of lath when the stove is required for cooking purposes, and lowered or swung back to utilize the heat which rises from the stove when the top of the stove is not in use.

Another homemade cookstove drier can be used on a wood or coal range over a kitchen stove. It has been found that many sliced vegetables and fruits placed in long trays three by one foot and stacked in two tiers, end to end, before an electric fan will cost not less than one-third of a cent an hour to run. The fan should be placed close to the stack of trays, and they should not be filled so full that the air cannot pass freely through them. The fan method has a marked advantage in that the product keeps cool owing to evaporation while it is being dried, thus tending to retain the color and eliminate spoilage.

The use of an electric fan in facilitating drying is feasible for those who already own a fan, but it has been found that many sliced vegetables and fruits placed in long trays three by one foot and stacked in two tiers, end to end, before an electric fan will cost not less than one-third of a cent an hour to run. The fan should be placed close to the stack of trays, and they should not be filled so full that the air cannot pass freely through them. The fan method has a marked advantage in that the product keeps cool owing to evaporation while it is being dried, thus tending to retain the color and eliminate spoilage.

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galvanized iron which is three inches less in length and width than the bottom. This sheet rests on two wires fastened to the sides of the drier. This prevents the direct heat from coming in contact with the product and serves as a radiator to spread the heat more evenly.

The first tray is placed three inches above the radiator. The trays rest on the cleats three inches apart. A drier of the given dimensions will hold eight trays. The frame of the tray is made of one-inch strips on which is tacked galvanized screen wire, which forms the bottom of the tray. The tray is 21 by 15 inches, making it three inches less in depth than the drier. The lowest tray, when placed in the drier, is pushed to the back, leaving the three-inch space in front. The next tray is placed even with the front, leaving a

three-inch space in the back. The other trays alternate in the same way. This permits the current of heated air to pass around and over the trays. A ventilator opening, about two inches wide and six inches long, is left in the top of the drier, through which the moist air may pass away.

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SILVER CREEK

Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford Peters of Batavia were social callers at the Wm. Hammett home recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Binder and son Lloyd of Fillmore were guests of Herman Binder and family here on Sunday.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of Emil Gessner at New Pine last Wednesday.

Mrs. Gertrude Wietz, entertained a number of Milwaukee friends a few days the past week.

Henry and Levi Hammett were at West Bend on business last Wednesday.

J. G. Hammen and family accompanied by Ed Binder and wife of Batavia and Mrs. Binder of Boltonville motored to the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Wilkens near Newburg on Tuesday evening where they helped to celebrate the latter's birthday anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. August Tabor entertained relatives from Milwaukee last Thursday.

Alvin Borehardt of Milwaukee is the guest of his mother, Pearl Schickler and family at present.

Otto Risse and William Gessner, Jr. were West Bend callers last week Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Seifert of Milwaukee visited at the home of H. Hartman and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Moths entertained relatives from away on Sunday.

Henry Becker of Port Washington was visiting at the H. J. Klug and Ewald Scheuert families the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hammett are entertaining relatives from Milwaukee at present.

Mrs. Annie Merkel visited with relatives at Waukeba from Saturday until Monday evening.

GOOSEVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. George Gersheim and children of Sheboygan visited with the R. J. Stolper family a few days.

Richard Horn spent a few days in Minnesota last week.

A. C. Seider is receiving 10,000 pounds of milk daily at his cheese factory.

William Schmidt is back on with a sore foot.

Dr. Erich Young and family of Milwaukee visited over Sunday with the Young family here.

Otto and Martin Seider made a trip to Amsterdam on Monday with the former's car.

Mr. and Mrs. John Torke and Mr. and Mrs. H. Kruske visited Monday evening with the R. J. Stolper family.

Young Bros. are erecting a big stable.

Quite a number of people from this vicinity spent Sunday at Plymouth.

Cause of Despondency Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets will strengthen the digestion and move the bowels. Obtainable everywhere.

FREDONIA

John Kane of Indianapolis is here on his annual vacation.

Mrs. Herbert Witt was a Milwaukee caller on Wednesday.

Mrs. Jos. Schmitt entertained a number of Port Washington women at cinch on Tuesday.

Miss Marie Thomas of Port Washington was a guest with Rosalie Hilgen on Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. J. N. Denler and daughter were Thiensville callers on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Wiese and babe of Thiensville spent Sunday with the former's parents here.

Miss Helen Prom of Kaellesville has accepted the position as teacher for the coming term of our public school.

Mrs. Tecker and sons of St. Finbars and Miss Letitia Cotter of Milwaukee were seen in our village on Friday.

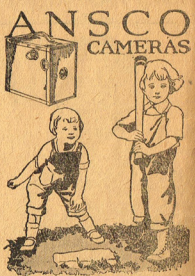
Quite a few of our village people attended the fishermen's picnic at Waukeba last Sunday.

A scare-crow is stationed at the river so fishermen be careful. (He or she) is dressed in blue overalls and jacket and a big straw hat and fishing to pass the time. But this scare-crow is only a bait to catch you, fishermen to trespass forbidden lands, so be on the look-out.

Mr. and Mrs. Christenson of Chicago had knock. So simple and efficient that any one can learn to make excellent "snap-shots."

We have larger Buster Browns at \$3.34 and \$5. also other Anso Cameras, Speedex Film and Cyko Papers.

H. J. LUETHY Random Lake, Wisconsin



For the young folks, there is no camera to beat No. 2 BUSTER BROWN. It costs only \$2.00, but makes fine pictures and will stand hard knocks. So simple and efficient that any one can learn to make excellent "snap-shots."

We have larger Buster Browns at \$3.34 and \$5. also other Anso Cameras, Speedex Film and Cyko Papers.

H. J. LUETHY Random Lake, Wisconsin

Theodore Henry Wegner, 1653

Arthur Henry Weinholt, 1654

Peter Jac. Wetzor, 1655

Jesse Norman Weinholt, 1656

William Herman Weinholt, 1657

Walter George Weinholt, 1658

Henry Daniel Winter, 1659

Raymond Franklin Young, 1660

Edward Henry East, 1661

Nah Gottlieb Zengeler, 1662

William Henry Zengeler, 1663

Phillip Fred Zengeler, 1664

Town Scott

Walter Fred Backhaus, 2081

Frank Neitz Bleck, 2082

Arnold Albert Butzke, 2083

Edgar August Bleck, 2084

Emil John Donnan, 2085

William Hilgert Fellenz, 2086

Frank William Gessner, 2087

Herman Edwin Gessner, 2088

Walter Valentine Geib, 2089

Joseph Peter Geib, 2090

Martin Carl Heise, 2091

Otto Phillip Jacob Hansen, 2092

Henry Edward Hantzman, 2093

William Henry Kuhn, 2094

George Chas. Krautkramer, 2095

Peter John Ketter, 2096

Edward Martin Kellag, 2097

Paul Alfred Laerman, 2098

Carl August Nolling, 2099

Theodore August Otto, 2100

Henry John Martin Schilling, 2101

William Albert Jacob Smith, 2102

Richard Teschendorf, 2103

Shaer Dudley Arnek, 2104

Herman Fred Bantz, 2105

Ernst George Brenner, 2106

Frank Reinhard Brommfiel, 2107

Adolph Paul Baganz, 2108

Edwin Oscar Binder, 2109

Henry John Dettmann, 2110

Arthur Herman Dübber, 2111

Alno William Dettmann, 2112

John Henry Deckler, 2113

Walter Gustave Eisenstrat, 2114

Arthur Martin Engelmann, 2115

Adolph John Glass, 2116

Arthur Emil Glass, 2117

John Gierl, 2118

William Emil Gessner, 2119

Elmer George Garbisch, 2120

Emil Walter Genthner, 2121

Walter Erich Genthner, 2122

Ernst Valentine Hauer, 2123

Walter Peter Hammen, 2124

Carl Henry Heberer, 2125

Hebert Louis Hartmann, 2126

John Edward Herzog, 2127

Henry James Hieken, 2128

Edgar Morris Hieken, 2129

Edwin Arthur Hirtz, 2130

George Ingels, 2131

William Henry Krahn, 2132

Franklin John Klein, 2133

Gay Chas. Oscar Krahn, 2134

Arthur Fred Klahn, 2135

Edward Albert Koepke, 2136

Walter William Lauer, 2137

Albert Charles Krahn, 2138

Albert Krueger, 2139

Oscar Jacob Konrad, 2140

Orrin George Kaiser, 2141

Chas. Wm. Henry Krahn, 2142

Walter David Krahn, 2143

Arthur Albert Klein, 2144

Fred William Lueck, 2145

Alexander Henry Lubach, 2146

James Peter Aupperle, 2147

Herbert William Lefter, 2148

William Fred Lueck, 2149

Walter John Lueck, 2150

Tunis Jacob Lefter, 2151

Leonard Tunns Lauer, 2152

Arthur Charles Lueck, 2153

Chas. Ambrose McDonnell, 2154

Emil Alvin Maehut, 2155

Albert Carl Molins, 2156

Martin Walter Miller, 2157

Elmer Hugo Miller, 2158

Milton Michael Melius, 2159

Raymond Willard Miller, 2160

Rutherford Adam Peter, 2161

Henry Rame, 2162

Edward Frank Reis, 2163

Ernst Chas. Ruzer, 2164

Matthew Joseph Sell, 2165

Frank Wm. August Schulz, 2166

Arthur Elve Stange, 2167

John Henry Schneider, 2168

Lawrence Gus. Schulz, 2169

Carl August Spordan, 2170

Oscar Alvin Schneider, 2171

Bernard Jesse Sell, 2172

Charles Anton Thummler, 2173

Carl Robert Torke, 2174

John Todd, 2175

Arthur Gustav Trapp, 2176

Frank Urner, 2177

Elmer Chas. Vossch, 2178

Arthur Robert Wong, 2179

Richard Fredrick Wolfert, 2180

Albert Zimmerman, 2181

2182

2183

Farms For Sale!

80 acre farm, one mile west of Silver Creek. With personal property and growing crop. Easy terms.

88 acre farm, 1 1/2 miles from Random Lake. With or without the personal property.

125 acre farm, 1 mile from Adell. With or without personal property.

Altenhofen Bros. Random Lake, Wis.

INTERURBAN TIME TABLE

STANDARD TIME) Leave Sheboygan for Sheboygan Falls, 06 A. M., 7:20 A. M. and every hour thereafter until 11:30 P. M. Leave Sheboygan Falls for Sheboygan 05 A. M., 6:00 A. M. and every hour thereafter until 1:30 midnight. Leave Sheboygan for Plymouth and Elkhardt Lake, 05: 7:10, 8:30 and 11:00 A. M. Leave Elkhardt Lake for Plymouth and Sheboygan, 06: 7:30, 9:10 and 10:30 A. M. 09: 2:00, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30 and 11 P. M. Eastern Wis. Electric Co.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

DR. T. E. MALLOY PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Office Hours: 9 to 12 Telephone: No. 1

RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

DR. W. M. DETTMANN DENTIST OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 A. M. 2 to 5 P. M. RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

DR. J. H. KLUG VETERINARY Physician and Surgeon Office in Reyer Building, Phone 9-4 Residence above Drug Store, Phone 9-2 RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

THE GLOBE HOTEL JOSEPH WIESNER, Prop. "THE HOTEL OF PERSONAL SERVICE" RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

W. J. SCHULTZ PAINTER Estimates cheerfully furnished RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

E. W. WOOD STOCK BROKER Dealer in and Shipper of LIVE STOCK RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

J. P. CARROLL GIGARS Manufacturer of "CARROLL'S BIRDS" "RANDOM LAKE" "GOLDIE SIMPSON" RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

SCHUBERT BROS. PHOTOGRAPHERS GALLERY OPEN EVERY FRIDAY EVENING AND EVERY FIRST SUNDAY OF EACH MONTH FOR SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS CALL ON PHONE NO. 47. RANDOM LAKE, WISCONSIN

In The Hour of Need CALL ON Mayer & Steffen Licensed Embalmers and Funeral Directors AUTO HEARSE in Connection. Phone 1067 Fredonia, Wisconsin

Make Your Home Happier and more cheerful by buying a



Marvelous Rex Self-Heating Sad Iron The most perfect iron ever devised for saving labor, saving time, saving money and doing better and finer work with less care and effort. It is simple, practical and always ready for the biggest ironing. Order one today and try it for a month. Every iron guaranteed to give satisfaction. The Tures Mfg. Co., Milwaukee P. J. HILTGEN - AGENT - Fredonia, Wisconsin

Care of Beans Farmers who understand conditions in the spread of bean rust or anthracnose, as it is termed, never cultivate or walk through the field while the vines are wet with rain or dew. This is the information given out by R. E. Vaughan, plant disease specialist at the College of Agriculture at the University of Wisconsin. When the bean plants are dry there is less danger of brushing off the tiny spores which spread the disease. As the bean blight rust is common in Wisconsin, it seems likely that a few of the fields are entirely free from it. Mr. and Mrs. Francis Piering of Belgium and Mr. and Mrs. John Koch and Andrew Koch of Rubicon spent Sunday afternoon with the P. J. Koch family.

Two Men Were Trying to build up a business. They agreed to deposit every penny that came to them as change, in a two-gallon bucket hid in the room of one of the partners.

After three years of self-denial, the bucket was nearly filled with 20,000 pennies, when one day thieves entered the room and stole the \$200.

Moral—Don't hoard your money but bring it in small amounts to this bank.

We pay 3% on savings START AN ACCOUNT WITH US TODAY

State Bank of Random Lake Random Lake, Wisconsin

Thoroughly Practical



The Litchfield Broad-Caster can be attached to any of our standard spreaders manufactured after August, 1915, by simply assembling the six simple parts, to the regular machine. Needless to say, it does not take an expert to do this.

As a final word, let us emphasize that the Litchfield Broad-Caster and Pulverizer does its work thoroughly and accurately regardless of the load make-up. This is because it can be adjusted to receive the CENTER of the discharging stream as it is released from the big cylinder. It is time-tried and tested and worthy in every respect of the place it has won in the spreader world.

August Meyer & Son Random Lake, Wisconsin

Our Service And What It Means To You

If you bought your farm implements from pictures in a book, your distress can easily be pictured, when the rush of work is on and an important machine part breaks.

You can see the repair parts, too, in pictures, but you can't see the repairs themselves—not for days—when you can almost feel real money slipping from you.

We sell implements that are built in every part to stand the strains of operation. They have made their great name in the world because of their quality. Yet, sometimes in the rush of work, when men and machines are overtaxed, even our implements may need repairs.

Our service to you takes care of these accidents—quickly. We carry repairs in stock—right here among you. Repairs not carried, we get in a jiffy. Getting repairs to you in a hurry is one of the special features that make our service especially profitable to you.

If one of our implements should happen to break, phone us promptly, just as you would phone your doctor when a bodily injury occurs. You will find that our repair service saves you dollars when time means dollars.

F. WILK & SONS Random Lake, Wisconsin

—LOCAL HAPPENINGS—

Matters of General Interest That Have Happened in and Around Random Lake

W. J. Hand was a Green Bay caller last Monday. Kernes was celebrated Monday at St. Mary's church. J. J. Dries of Milwaukee was a caller here on Monday. Joe Wetor was a Port Washington business caller last Friday. Ed Foley transacted business in the Cream City last Saturday. Mrs. H. J. Luechy was a Milwaukee visitor a few days the past week. Ed Biederwolf was a Sheboygan visitor a few days the past week. Mr. and Mrs. M. N. Altenhofen were Elkhardt Lake visitors Thursday. Oswald Senglaub was an over Sunday visitor with friends at Chicago. J. W. Schiller of Plymouth transacted business in the village Monday. Miss Minnie Foulkes of Milwaukee is visiting with Miss Maudie Leahy. The Badger club of Silver Creek received a chemical fire engine Tuesday. Eugene Hilton and Miss Esther Reilly of Milwaukee are visiting at Camp Glendale. The M. M. club met at the home of Mrs. Don Gessner, south of the village last Thursday. Mrs. Herman Schmitt of Milwaukee spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. John B. Dreis. Andrew Koch of Oconomowoc was a recent visitor at the F. J. Koch home in the village. Mrs. Herman Tessner and Mrs. Louisa Hastings were over Sunday visitors at Waukeha. Mrs. H. W. Beger and children are visiting at the A. F. Brazt home at Fillmore for the week. Miss McCaffery of Adell was visiting at the Dave Donovan home on Tuesday and Wednesday. James Mulvey and family of Beechwood visited Sunday at the F. J. Mulvey home in the village. R. H. Gilroy and family of Port Washington were Tuesday visitors at the R. R. Nimmennan home. Postmaster Gus Schiereck and family of Plymouth spent Sunday at their cottage across the lake. Fred Wilk & Sons sold an Overland car to Edward Klug and a Regal to Don Watry the past week. Harry Stahl, wife and family of Scott spent Sunday at the Globe hotel and tried their luck at fishing. Leona Masterson of Milwaukee was visiting at the Dave Donovan home from Sunday until Friday. Dr. W. M. Dettmann, wife and daughter and Miss Emelia Capelle were Plymouth visitors Sunday.

William Panlow was a Cream city visitor on Tuesday. Mrs. Dave Winter was a Plymouth visitor over Sunday. J. P. Altenhofen, wife and family drove to Holy Hill Monday. Michael Foster of Milwaukee spent Sunday with his brother Thomas. Capt. C. A. Kriess of Camp Glendale was a Plymouth business caller last Saturday. Mrs. M. B. Heinen and daughter Miss Theresa Heinen were Milwaukee callers Tuesday. Many from here were in attendance at the firemen's picnic at Waukeha Sunday. Miss E. Bittner of Milwaukee is spending part of her vacation with V. Schultz and family. Mr. and Mrs. William Hennig of town Wilson were recent visitors at the William Panier home. Miss Veronica McKenna of Hoard is visiting with Miss Mary Dunn at her home on Bennett street. Lester and Edgar Rheingans of Otesdo Kessel on Butler street. Mrs. Madden and her daughter Susanne and Miss McCarthy of Milwaukee are visiting at the James Leahy home. Ed Hand, who has been visiting with relatives here the past week left for his home in Chicago Wednesday. Mrs. Peter Conrad, who has been visiting at the Math. Conrad home, left for her home in Milwaukee on Sunday. Joe Jungo, who spent his two weeks vacation at the Henry Paulin home, returned to his home in Chicago on Monday. Mrs. M. B. Heinen was a Milwaukee caller Tuesday and while there purchased some of her mid-summer and fall hats. Mrs. W. M. Dettmann and daughter and Miss Emelia Capelle were at Plymouth Tuesday to attend the funeral of a relative. Gust Peterson and wife and John Meelenburg of Milwaukee were recent visitors with the Wiesner family at the Globe hotel. Mrs. Mary Gentes and son John and daughter Margaret of Port Washington were Sunday visitors at the Don Mueller home. The Misses Agnes Timler of Neillville and Cynthia Stahl of Scott were recent visitors at the Dr. W. M. Dettmann home on Western avenue. Mrs. Martha M. Meyer of Milwaukee visited this village last week for the purpose of resting at cottage so she could bring her family here for an outing.

Otto Plaun and wife spent Sunday at Belmontville. Mr. and Mrs. Alvar Wilk motored to Plymouth on Sunday. P. J. Depiessa left for Verdun, S. D., Tuesday evening after spending some time here with relatives. Miss Dell Plaun who spent the past week at the Arthur Wilk home, returned to Milwaukee Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schmitt and sons Francis and Eugene of Milwaukee spent Sunday at the J. B. Dreis home. Miss Esther Muner and a party of young ladies of Milwaukee are occupying the Uselking cottage across the lake. Elizabeth Miller of Iron Mountain, Mech., is spending a few weeks of her vacation at the Peter Hammes home. Postmaster Gust Schiereck, Otto La Budda of Plymouth and Mr. Stinson of New York were fishing here Monday. A nine and one-half pound baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Panier, west of here, last Thursday. Have your clock, watches, etc., repaired by C. P. Hamilton who comes to the W. F. Doegnitz hardware store every Thursday, 271f. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Klotz, Peter Miller, Frank Schmitt and Margaret and Mary Miller were in Cleveland Sunday. John Steinmeyer, Mr. and Mrs. A. Briggs and Mrs. E. Belke, all of Milwaukee, were recent visitors at the H. J. Luechy home. Relatives of Plymouth and Mrs. Annie Popper of Milwaukee spent Sunday at the Matt Schladweiler home, west of the village. Herman Stolper and crew will begin work on the road northwest of the village shortly. One mile of state road will be built this year. Orville Oestreich and a party of Plymouth fishermen succeeded in landing two nice pickers in the lake here last Saturday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Matt Schladweiler and Mrs. Annie Popper motored to Belmontville on Sunday and attended the funeral of Mrs. Latsch. E. Stephen and son, August Kirehner and wife and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hoyer of Milwaukee were Sunday guests at the Globe hotel. Miss Esther Stark, who has been visiting at the J. B. Depiessa home for the past week, returned to her home at Crystal Lake Tuesday. One of the latest dancing parties conducted thus far this season was held at J. L. Fearesen's hall, Dacada, last Monday evening. A good time was reported by all. C. P. Hamilton, a registered optician, is at the W. F. Doegnitz store every Thursday. He can fit you with glasses that you have needed for some time, 271f. Arrangements are being made for a grand ball at H. J. Klug's hall, Silver Creek, on Sunday evening, July 29. The Doegnitz Harp orchestra will furnish the music. Mildred Clara, the infant child born to Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Wilk on Sunday, July 8, died last Friday morning. Burial was made in the St. John's cemetery Saturday. Mrs. Elmer Larson and children and Mrs. E. Gibson and child of Plymouth were week end visitors at the Wilmer Orth home. Sunday Mr. Larson came down to spend the day fishing. William Klug, wife and family and Mr. and Mrs. H. Senglaub left for Greenwood, Clark county last Thursday. They visited with relatives en route and arrived at their destination Saturday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Otto Liepert and sons, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Liepert, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Liepert of West Bend and William Liepert of Belmontville spent Sunday at the Julius Stage home north of the village. Boys: While you are helping to make your country's history, those who must stay at home will miss you. Your photograph will help a lot. Schubert Bros., Random Lake, Every Friday and Saturday, 4-5. At the committee meeting of the fire department held at the village hall last Tuesday evening, complete arrangements were made for the annual firemen's picnic to be held on Sunday, July 29, at Lake View park. The Grafton Military band will furnish the music.

HOW THE PRESENT WAR CAME TO AMERICA (continued from page one) It was in this frame of mind, fearing we might be drawn into the war if it did not soon come to an end, that the president began the preparation of his note, asking the belligerent powers to define their war aims. But he had completed it, the world was surprised by the peace move of the German Government—an identical note on behalf of the German Empire, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey, sent through neutral powers on December 12, 1916, to the governments of the allies, proposing negotiations for peace. While expressing the wish to end this war—a catas-

Repair Shop

In Connection With Our SHOE DEPARTMENT — Bring us your repair work. We guarantee you prompt service as well as the neatest and best work in all instances. We use only the best kind of sole leather, insoles, rubber heels, thread and other material in our repair work. L. W. BEGER & CO. Random Lake's Leading Store.

Dairyland Real Estate Company

All kinds of Farms and Farm Lands for sale. Main Offices: E. J. Andersen, Marshfield, Wis.; M. O. Barnett, Loyal, Wis. References: Any bank in Loyal or Marshfield. A. M. Utech Local Agent Random Lake, Wis.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Oats, Flour middlings, Bran, Standard Middling, Gluten meal, Gem meal, Timothy Seed, Alyko Clover seed, White Clover seed, Red Clover seed, Butter, Eggs, Unwashed wool, Beans, Ham, Honey, Potatoes, Milk, Cow hides, Hides (calf, skin), Live Poultry (Old chickens, Broilers, Roasters).

Plymouth Dairy Board — Twenty-eight factories offered 3,635 boxes of cheese on the Plymouth Dairy board Monday and all sold as follows: 125 squares at 23 1/2c, 80 at 23 1/2c, 500 at 23c, 81 at 23 1/2c, 200 twins at 19 1/2c, 150 at 20c, 1,450 cheeses at 21c, 225 at 21 1/2c, 180 young Americas at 22c, 574 longhorns at 22c, 125 at 22 1/2c, 350 at 22 1/2c.

Advertisement for Selz Shoes. Features an image of a shoe and text: 'You Buy Shoe Service Here. No matter what you pay for Selz Shoes, you get more than you pay for. The cost of extra repairs on inferior shoes will often offset the difference in price of a pair of Selz shoes. Don't forget that, after all, you buy shoe service—not shoes. Someone said shoes ought to be sold on a mileage basis, like automobile tires. If it ever comes to this, there will be more Selz shoes and less of the kind that keeps poor people poor. The good shine on the outside and poor quality within will then pass into decline, and quality shoes will shine—a total eclipse. H. W. Beger & Co. Random Lake's Leading Store. Specializing in Selz Shoes.'

SEND THAT NEXT PRINTING ORDER TO THE RECORD—PHONE 58

Increase Your Hog Profits

Healthy hogs and pork profits come to the man who builds concrete hog houses, concrete feeding floors and concrete hog wallows. Concrete is easy to clean and easy to free from vermin and disease germs. Corn fed on a concrete floor is not tramped in the mud.

Ask us to put you in touch with a reliable contractor or to furnish you with suitable building plans. We are just as anxious to help you plan future work as to sell you building supplies.

JOHN WOLF Telephone 50-2 Random Lake, Wisconsin

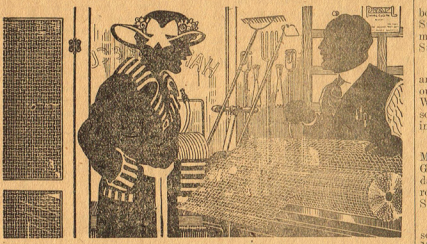
The Keds Family Want to Know Your Folks

The Keds are a big, new, American family of eye-making canvas rubber-soled shoes. They are easy and comfortable to get along with and are liked wherever they go.

- Buy Keds for Comfort: Keds have good lines, give proper support, are light weight and comfortable. Buy Keds for Style: Keds are shapely and attractive. Men's are good looking—women's are pretty and graceful, and children's are wonderful play shoes. Buy Keds for Economy: The reputation of the largest rubber manufacturer in the world is back of each pair. Materials and workmanship the best. Buy Keds for Wear: The tops of Keds are made of a specially woven, fine grade of canvas, and the insoles of leather.



Wetor Bros. Company Random Lake, Wisconsin



The Reason Why We Sell G & B PEARL

WE want business. Consequently we must make satisfied customers who come back again and again. The best way we know to make satisfied trade is to sell satisfactory merchandise. That's why we handle G & B PEARL Wire Cloth for screening doors, windows and porches.

G & B PEARL Wire Cloth outwears painted and galvanized cloth by years, simply because it is more rust proof by far than any similar cloth. And you know rust, not wear ruins screens. From every standpoint—wear—economy—looks or cleanliness—G & B PEARL Wire Cloth is the one best buy for screening.

We sell the genuine article with the G & B Round Tag on the roll and 2 Copper Wires in the selvage. F. WILK & SONS Random Lake, Wisconsin Phone 48-1

Adell Meat Market

We carry a complete line of fresh Meats, Sausages, Salt Meats and Bacon at all times. JOHN BEER, prop. Adell, Wis.

ADELL

Miss Meta Helme who visited her parents returned to Milwaukee on Thursday. Weinhold & Co. shipped a car of stock to Chicago on Wednesday. Julia Donovan left for Holland, Mich., Thursday where she attended the funeral of a relative.

Mrs. S. A. Dunn was a Milwaukee visitor Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Saeman attended the funeral of their little niece, Evelyn Sell who came to her death through an auto accident at Sheboygan last Monday.

Mrs. LaVona Van Ness entertained the Industrial club Thursday. Mrs. Jesse Saeman and baby Joan spent Friday at Crystal Lake. David Haas was a Plymouth caller on Friday.

Oscar Hilger and his parents spent Sunday in Milwaukee. A large number attended the Lutheran conference at Plymouth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lamb, Mrs. L. Ziegler, daughter Mabel and son Alvis motored to Holy Hill Sunday. The new Dodge car belonging to Walter Kies employed at the A. A. Bestner cheese factory was badly damaged when he ran into the ditch near the fire house on Sunday.

L. Van Ess and daughter Adine, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Prosser, Frank Bushton and Mabel Shaver of Hingham motored to Camp Byron near Lomira where they attended an Episcopal camp meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Schilling and children spent Sunday evening at Batavia with relatives. Mrs. Matt Arndt and children left Monday for a visit at Port Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Voss spent Sunday at New Holston. Pat Scanlan was a Kiel visitor on Monday.

Otto Ranley, our rural mail carrier is enjoying his summer vacation and Louis Gerstel had taken charge of his route.

Farmers' Equity shipped one car of stock to Chicago Monday. The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Hellminger was christened at St. Mary's church at Random Lake on Sunday and was given the name of Lloyd.

Charles Finnegan and family of Sheboygan spent Sunday with relatives here.

DACADA

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Weyker spent Friday at Port Washington. Mat, Dahm entertained as guests Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. Peti, Roelke and daughter Rosella of Sheboygan. Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Frederissen and daughter Sylvia were Milwaukee visitors last week.

Miss Leona Krier of Belgium is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Jungers.

M. B. Weyker and family are planning to make an auto trip to Chicago this week.

Rev. C. Flaseh spent Monday at Random Lake. Rev. Jos. J. Pierron and Nie Neuberger of Lodi, called on L. L. Pierron Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Graef, Mat Eidensberger and T. D. Schmidler of Port Washington and Fred Becker of Milwaukee called on M. B. Weyker and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jensen of Milwaukee are visiting the J. Lauters family. Miss Minnie Scheeler of Chicago is enjoying her vacation with relatives here.

Miss Margaret Bauer of Chicago is staying with H. Jaedy and family here. Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Schmitz and daughter Kathryn of Milwaukee are visiting with J. Gasper and family.

Miss Clara Schommer of Holy Cross spent Sunday here with Miss Clara Schmitz.

D. J. Jorstein and son Peter of Lake Church were seen in this village last Sunday.

Joe, Grasser was on business to St. Gillen the fore part of last week. Mr. and Mrs. J. Bares entertained at their home on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bares of Belgium and Mrs. Thom of Port Washington.

Miss Mary Mueller and brother, Alois and Miss Lena Hinkes were Random Lake visitors Friday.

Mrs. E. Molloy, son Edward, Mrs. Joe Thosen, daughter Irene and son Walter as chauffeur motored to Port Washington Thursday.

Mrs. Pet. Conrad and son Joseph of Milwaukee spent last week with relatives here.

Joseph Martin of Chicago is a visitor at the home of John Wetor and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Becker and daughter of Depere are guests at the P. Sebous home.

Pet. Gasper is entertaining his son Frank and wife of Milwaukee. Miss Anna Schons was a Sheboygan visitor on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Paule of Port Washington visited friends in the vicinity Sunday. The Misses Margaret Leven and Anna Wetland, Wilfred Paradise.

Mat, Nessor and John Leven motored to Cedarvale Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. H. Sinnen attended the funeral of a relative at Sheboygan last week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Jaedy and son Frederick of Lake Church were visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nic. Frederissen Sunday.

Mrs. Antoh Hartung of Sheboygan visited last week with Mrs. J. Gasper.

A baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mat. Klus Sunday.

The Misses Susie and Clara Mayer of the age of over 80 years. She was an aunt of N. E. Deppeuse of Jata village, who received the dispatch of her demise Monday morning.

In response to the amiable verse under Lecher's Corners last week: You're right, kind Maud, to waive the hand. For stern feed to exit, Worse waves may build. Life's pebbled strand.

That's a job that doesn't fit. George Lockes of Fredonia was on business to this village Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilson of Cedar Grove were seen here on Friday.

Mrs. B. Arendt of Lake Church is staying with her sister, Mrs. Thos. W. Land.

Nie Leder and family of Sheboygan were guests of Mrs. Veronica Biehler on Sunday.

Are You One of Them? There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a week or two or three weeks with gas and nervous pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully and I kept on taking them until I was cured. These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence. Obtainable everywhere.

Edward Kling is the owner of an Overland which he recently purchased from F. Wilk & Sons.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Albert and daughter Marjorie of Milwaukee are the guests of the Chas. Stage family.

Octave Ranel and family motored to Adell and Random Lake and visited at the Louis Benn home Sunday.

Miss Emma Vessel and Edward Otto of Milwaukee are visiting with the August Bruesewitz family.

P. Fellenz and family and Emil Wilke and family motored to Cleveland on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Stahl and family attended the picnic at Waukeba on Sunday.

Misses Agnes Dinnler and Cynthia Stahl of Neillsville visited at the Albert and Wm. Bestmann homes a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Ranel motored to Milwaukee on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ranel entertained relatives from Fond du Lac the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Stahl and Miss Agnes Dinnler of Neillsville attended the Frauen Verein at the Gracie home on Wednesday.

Miss L. Resler and brother and the Misses Immel of Eden, Wis., visited in this vicinity Sunday.

Bert J. Guenther and family and Mrs. Emil Guenther and son, Irving motored to Plymouth and Sheboygan on Sunday.

Altman Anniversary The following from here attended the 40th anniversary of the Reformation at Plymouth Sunday: Wm. Ranel and family, Henry Ranel, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ed Ranel, Wm. Lulke and family, Walter Klug and family, Herman Klug, Sr. and wife, Herman Klug, Jr. and family, Robert Douan, John Klug and daughter, Charles Stage and family, August Stage and family, Miss Dorothy Kanjes, Gust. Kratin and wife, Henry Kratin and wife, Edgar Bleck and family, Chas. Bleck and family, Martin Heise and wife, Edwin Klug and family, Ferdinand Klug, Anton Backhaus and family and F. Stange and family.

Doing Good Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delmeny, Sask., says of it: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myself and in my family and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation." Obtainable everywhere.

BOLTONVILLE B. W. Wierman and family were Sheboygan business callers Friday.

Frank Hein of Waukeba invited B. L. K. milking machine for Andrew Rodenkirch one day last week.

J. W. Schuler of Plymouth was a business caller here last week.

Walter Frauenheim and wife and Oscar Frauenheim and family, Harry Scott and Ben Krieger helped Ervin Gull celebrate his birthday at Port Washington on Sunday.

Otto Plaum of Random Lake helped

OLD PEYTON GRAVELY MADE THE FIRST PLUG OF TOBACCO THAT EVER WAS MADE

NO MAN EVER MADE AS GOOD



GRAVELLY'S CELEBRATED CHEWING PLUG BEFORE THE INVENTION OF OUR PATENT AIR-PROOF POUCH GRAVELLY PLUG TOBACCO MADE STRICTLY FOR ITS CHEWING QUALITY WOULD NOT KEEP FRESH IN THIS SECTION. NOW THE PATENT POUCH KEEPS IT FRESH AND CLEAN AND GOOD A LITTLE CHEW OF GRAVELLY IS ENOUGH AND LASTS LONGER THAN A BIG CHEW OF ORDINARY PLUG.

TAKE IT FROM BILLY POSTER. HIS BILLBOARDS ARE SPREADING THE GOOD NEWS

Herman Plaum shingle one day last week. Mr. and Mrs. Dittman of Chicago are spending a week with the Ruel families.

William Voigt and wife of Plymouth spent Sunday with the Julius Frohman family.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lafever and family and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Laux and family of Batavia spent Sunday with the Wm. Penath family.

Miss Evelyn Woeg of Random Lake spent the past week with relatives and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hiller and son Ralph and Mr. and Mrs. William Brazleton were Batavia callers last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Frohman and sons Orville and Edwin and Reuben Frohman were West Bend visitors Saturday evening.

A large number from here attended the picnic and dance at Waukeba on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rudolph and daughter Geraldine, Miss Mamie Thill, Mr. and Mrs. Schulz, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Beege and sons Ed and Willie and Miss Naomi Brazleton motored to Cedar Lake, Hartford and Holy Hill on Sunday.

Mrs. Patschman and family of Waukeba visited with Mrs. Pietschman Sunday.

Rob. Reel, Jr., of Chicago is home for a week. Ed. Stautz and wife arrived here from Dakota in their auto.

Mrs. Ed. Woeg and daughter Clara of Random Lake called on relatives here on Wednesday.

Misses Naomi Brazleton and Evelyn Woeg were West Bend callers Thursday.

Mrs. John Balthanzel of Fredonia attended the funeral of Mrs. Lanteh on Sunday.

Wilmer Wendel was a Silver Creek caller Sunday.

Rob. Detmann and Anton Bratz were Random Lake callers Friday evening.

Mrs. Charles Lanteh died at a Fond du Lac hospital on Thursday of last week following an operation for bowel trouble. She attained the age of 77 years. The funeral took place on Sunday at 1 o'clock from the Holyville church. Her death is deeply mourned by her husband, and children and a large number of other relatives. She was a kind and loving mother and was highly esteemed by a host of friends. We sympathize with the grief-stricken relatives and ask them to bow humbly to the will of him who doeth all things well.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Julia Frohman who was taken suddenly ill last Thursday is on the gain.

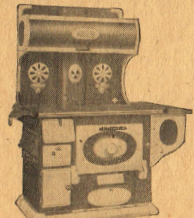
Mr. and Mrs. John Gebb and family entertained friends from Fredonia on Sunday.

Advertisement for Hamm's Ideal Beer, featuring a bottle and text: WHY YOU SHOULD DRINK Hamm's Ideal Beer. BECAUSE it is made in one of the most sanitary breweries in the country and is always pure.

TELEPHONE YOUR NEWS ITEMS TO THE RECORD—YOUR PAPER

Advertisement for Turner Simplicity tractor, featuring an illustration of the tractor and text: Bigger Crops! THAT'S the talk of the nation—and a Simplicity Tractor will help you grow them. Not only that—you'll get more service out of a TURNER Simplicity.

Jungers' Ranges



We feel that it is our duty to tell you not to buy any other kitchen stove, whatever may be said, as the fact is that no one can duplicate the Jungers Range, if fuel, conveniences and labor saving are considered.

A. W. KERSHAW & SON HOLY CROSS, WISCONSIN

The Perfection MILKING MACHINE

Are you looking for a Milking Machine, a real machine, a practical, well-built machine, one that will be a real help and benefit to you for years?



If you are, The Perfection Milker is what you are looking for. They are labor savers, will not injure the cow and increase the flow of milk so they soon pay for themselves.

Also have the agency for modern barn equipment

LOUIS BENN Random Lake, R. 18 Wisconsin

Why Take Chances

on inferior grade milkers when you can buy the original B. L. K. MILKER



The B. L. K. Milker is guaranteed not to injure the cow and will increase the flow of milk. Will pay for itself in a short time as it is a time and labor saver. If you are looking for the best money can buy

Call on, phone or write to HEATING W. J. KRAUSE PLUMBING RANDOLPH LAKE, R. 18. WISCONSIN